

# Mathematics

(Chapter – 4) (Simple Equations)  
(Class – VII)

## Exercise 4.1

### Question 1:

Complete the last column of the table:

S. No.	Equation	Value	Say, whether the Equation is satisfied. (Yes / No)
(i)	$x + 3 = 0$	$x = 3$	
(ii)	$x + 3 = 0$	$x = 0$	
(iii)	$x + 3 = 0$	$x = -3$	
(iv)	$x - 7 = 1$	$x = 7$	
(v)	$x - 7 = 1$	$x = 8$	
(vi)	$5x = 25$	$x = 0$	
(vii)	$5x = 25$	$x = 5$	
(viii)	$5x = 25$	$x = -5$	
(viii)	$\frac{m}{3} = 2$	$m = -6$	
(ix)	$\frac{m}{3} = 2$	$m = 0$	
(x)	$\frac{m}{3} = 2$	$m = 6$	

### Answer 1:

S. No.	Equation	Value	Say, whether the Equation is satisfied. (Yes / No)
(i)	$x + 3 = 0$	$x = 3$	No
(ii)	$x + 3 = 0$	$x = 0$	No
(iii)	$x + 3 = 0$	$x = -3$	Yes
(iv)	$x - 7 = 1$	$x = 7$	No
(v)	$x - 7 = 1$	$x = 8$	Yes

(vi)	$5x = 25$	$x = 0$	No
(vii)	$5x = 25$	$x = 5$	Yes
(viii)	$5x = 25$	$x = -5$	No
(viii)	$\frac{m}{3} = 2$	$m = -6$	No
(ix)	$\frac{m}{3} = 2$	$m = 0$	No
(x)	$\frac{m}{3} = 2$	$m = 6$	Yes

### Question 2:

Check whether the value given in the brackets is a solution to the given equation or not:

(a)  $n + 5 = 19$  ( $n = 1$ )

(b)  $7n + 5 = 19$  ( $n = -2$ )

(c)  $7n + 5 = 19$  ( $n = 2$ )

(d)  $4p - 3 = 13$  ( $p = 1$ )

(e)  $4p - 3 = 13$  ( $p = -4$ )

(f)  $4p - 3 = 13$  ( $p = 0$ )

### Answer 2:

(a)  $n + 5 = 19$  ( $n = 1$ )

Putting  $n = 1$  in L.H.S.,

$$1 + 5 = 6$$

$\therefore$  L.H.S.  $\neq$  R.H.S.,

$\therefore$   $n = 1$  is not the solution of given equation.

(b)  $7n + 5 = 19$  ( $n = -2$ )

Putting  $n = -2$  in L.H.S.,

$$7(-2) + 5 = -14 + 5 = -9$$

$\therefore$  L.H.S.  $\neq$  R.H.S.,

$\therefore$   $n = -2$  is not the solution of given equation.

(c)  $7n + 5 = 19$  ( $n = 2$ )

Putting  $n = 2$  in L.H.S.,

$$7(2) + 5 = 14 + 5 = 19$$

$\therefore$  L.H.S. = R.H.S.,

$\therefore n = 2$  is the solution of given equation.

(a)  $4p - 3 = 13$  ( $p = 1$ )

Putting  $p = 1$  in L.H.S.,

$$4(1) - 3 = 4 - 3 = 1$$

$\therefore$  L.H.S.  $\neq$  R.H.S.,

$\therefore p = 1$  is not the solution of given equation.

(b)  $4p - 3 = 13$  ( $p = -4$ )

Putting  $p = -4$  in L.H.S.,

$$4(-4) - 3 = -16 - 3 = -19$$

$\therefore$  L.H.S.  $\neq$  R.H.S.,

$\therefore p = -4$  is not the solution of given equation.

(c)  $4p - 3 = 13$  ( $p = 0$ )

Putting  $p = 0$  in L.H.S.,

$$4(0) - 3 = 0 - 3 = -3$$

$\therefore$  L.H.S.  $\neq$  R.H.S.,

$\therefore p = 0$  is not the solution of given equation.

### Question 3:

Solve the following equations by trial and error method:

(i)  $5p + 2 = 17$

(ii)  $3m - 14 = 4$

### Answer 3:

(i)  $5p + 2 = 17$

Putting  $p = -3$  in L.H.S.  $5(-3) + 2 = -15 + 2 = -13$

$\therefore -13 \neq 17$  Therefore,  $p = -3$  is not the solution.

Putting  $p = -2$  in L.H.S.  $5(-2) + 2 = -10 + 2 = -8$

$\therefore -8 \neq 17$  Therefore,  $p = -2$  is not the solution.

Putting  $p = -1$  in L.H.S.  $5(-1) + 2 = -5 + 2 = -3$

$\therefore -3 \neq 17$  Therefore,  $p = -1$  is not the solution.

Putting  $p = 0$  in L.H.S.  $5(0) + 2 = 0 + 2 = 2$

$\therefore 2 \neq 17$  Therefore,  $p = 0$  is not the solution.

Putting  $p = 1$  in L.H.S.  $5(1) + 2 = 5 + 2 = 7$

$\therefore 7 \neq 17$  Therefore,  $p = 1$  is not the solution.

Putting  $p = 2$  in L.H.S.  $5(2) + 2 = 10 + 2 = 12$

$\therefore 12 \neq 17$  Therefore,  $p = 2$  is not the solution.

Putting  $p = 3$  in L.H.S.  $5(3) + 2 = 15 + 2 = 17$

$\therefore 17 = 17$  Therefore,  $p = 3$  is the solution.

(ii)  $3m - 14 = 4$

Putting  $m = -2$  in L.H.S.  $3(-2) - 14 = -6 - 14 = -20$

$\therefore -20 \neq 4$  Therefore,  $m = -2$  is not the solution.

Putting  $m = -1$  in L.H.S.  $3(-1) - 14 = -3 - 14 = -17$

$\therefore -17 \neq 4$  Therefore,  $m = -1$  is not the solution.

Putting  $m = 0$  in L.H.S.  $3(0) - 14 = 0 - 14 = -14$

$\therefore -14 \neq 4$  Therefore,  $m = 0$  is not the solution.

Putting  $m = 1$  in L.H.S.  $3(1) - 14 = 3 - 14 = -11$

$\therefore -11 \neq 4$  Therefore,  $m = 1$  is not the solution.

Putting  $m = 2$  in L.H.S.  $3(2) - 14 = 6 - 14 = -8$

$\therefore -8 \neq 4$  Therefore,  $m = 2$  is not the solution.

Putting  $m = 3$  in L.H.S.  $3(3) - 14 = 9 - 14 = -5$

$\therefore -5 \neq 4$  Therefore,  $m = 3$  is not the solution.

Putting  $m = 4$  in L.H.S.  $3(4) - 14 = 12 - 14 = -2$

$\therefore -2 \neq 4$  Therefore,  $m = 4$  is not the solution.

Putting  $m = 5$  in L.H.S.  $3(5) - 14 = 15 - 14 = 1$

$\therefore 1 \neq 4$  Therefore,  $m = 5$  is not the solution.

Putting  $m = 6$  in L.H.S.  $3(6) - 14 = 18 - 14 = 4$

$\therefore 4 = 4$  Therefore,  $m = 6$  is the solution.

**Question 4:**

Write equations for the following statements:

- (i) The sum of numbers  $x$  and 4 is 9.
- (ii) 2 subtracted from  $y$  is 8.
- (iii) Ten times  $a$  is 70.
- (iv) The number  $b$  divided by 5 gives 6.
- (v) Three-fourth of  $t$  is 15.
- (vi) Seven times  $m$  plus 7 gets you 77.
- (vii) One-fourth of a number  $x$  minus 4 gives 4.
- (viii) If you take away 6 from 6 times  $y$ , you get 60.
- (ix) If you add 3 to one-third of  $z$ , you get 30.

**Answer 4:**

- |       |                        |        |                   |
|-------|------------------------|--------|-------------------|
| (i)   | $x + 4 = 9$            | (ii)   | $y - 2 = 8$       |
| (iii) | $10a = 70$             | (iv)   | $\frac{b}{5} = 6$ |
| (v)   | $\frac{3}{4}t = 15$    | (vi)   | $7m + 7 = 77$     |
| (vii) | $\frac{x}{4} - 4 = 4$  | (viii) | $6y - 6 = 60$     |
| (ix)  | $\frac{z}{3} + 3 = 30$ |        |                   |

**Question 5:**

Write the following equations in statement form:

- |       |                    |        |                       |
|-------|--------------------|--------|-----------------------|
| (i)   | $p + 4 = 15$       | (ii)   | $m - 7 = 3$           |
| (iii) | $2m = 7$           | (iv)   | $\frac{m}{5} = 3$     |
| (v)   | $\frac{3m}{5} = 6$ | (vi)   | $3p + 4 = 25$         |
| (vii) | $4p - 2 = 18$      | (viii) | $\frac{p}{2} + 2 = 8$ |

**Answer 5:**

- (i) The sum of numbers  $p$  and 4 is 15.
- (ii) 7 subtracted from  $m$  is 3.
- (iii) Two times  $m$  is 7.
- (iv) The number  $m$  is divided by 5 gives 3.
- (v) Three-fifth of the number  $m$  is 6.
- (vi) Three times  $p$  plus 4 gets 25.
- (vii) If you take away 2 from 4 times  $p$ , you get 18.
- (viii) If you added 2 to half is  $p$ , you get 8.

**Question 6:**

Set up an equation in the following cases:

- (i) Irfan says that he has 7 marbles more than five times the marbles Parmit has. Irfan has 37 marbles. (Take  $m$  to be the number of Parmit's marbles.)
- (ii) Laxmi's father is 49 years old. He is 4 years older than three times Laxmi's age. (Take Laxmi's age to be  $y$  years.)
- (iii) The teacher tells the class that the highest marks obtained by a student in her class are twice the lowest marks plus 7. The highest score is 87. (Take the lowest score to be  $l$ .)
- (iv) In an isosceles triangle, the vertex angle is twice either base angle. (Let the base angle be  $b$  in degrees. Remember that the sum of angles of a triangle is  $180^\circ$ .)

**Answer 6:**

- (i) Let  $m$  be the number of Parmit's marbles.  
 $\therefore 5m + 7 = 37$
- (ii) Let the age of Laxmi be  $y$  years.  
 $\therefore 3y + 4 = 49$
- (iii) Let the lowest score be  $l$ .  
 $\therefore 2l + 7 = 87$
- (iv) Let the base angle of the isosceles triangle be  $b$ , so vertex angle =  $2b$ .  
 $\therefore 2b + b + b = 180^\circ$   
 $\Rightarrow 4b = 180^\circ$  [Angle sum property of a  $\Delta$ ]

## Exercise 4.2

### Question 1:

Give first the step you will use to separate the variable and then solve the equations:

(a)  $x - 1 = 0$

(b)  $x + 1 = 0$

(c)  $x - 1 = 5$

(d)  $x + 6 = 2$

(e)  $y - 4 = -7$

(f)  $y - 4 = 4$

(g)  $y + 4 = 4$

(h)  $y + 4 = -4$

### Answer 1:

(a)  $x - 1 = 0$

$\Rightarrow x - 1 + 1 = 0 + 1$

[Adding 1 both sides]

$\Rightarrow x = 1$

(b)  $x + 1 = 0$

$\Rightarrow x + 1 - 1 = 0 - 1$

[Subtracting 1 both sides]

$\Rightarrow x = -1$

(c)  $x - 1 = 5$

$\Rightarrow x - 1 + 1 = 5 + 1$

[Adding 1 both sides]

$\Rightarrow x = 6$

(d)  $x + 6 = 2$

$\Rightarrow x + 6 - 6 = 2 - 6$

[Subtracting 6 both sides]

$\Rightarrow x = -4$

(e)  $y - 4 = -7$

$\Rightarrow y - 4 + 4 = -7 + 4$

[Adding 4 both sides]

$\Rightarrow y = -3$

(f)  $y - 4 = 4$

$\Rightarrow y - 4 + 4 = 4 + 4$

[Adding 4 both sides]

$\Rightarrow y = 8$

(g)  $y + 4 = 4$

$\Rightarrow y + 4 - 4 = 4 - 4$

[Subtracting 4 both sides]

$\Rightarrow y = 0$

(h)  $y + 4 = -4$

$\Rightarrow y + 4 - 4 = -4 - 4$

[Subtracting 4 both sides]

$\Rightarrow y = -8$

**Question 2:**

Give first the step you will use to separate the variable and then solve the equations

(a)  $3l = 42$

(b)  $\frac{b}{2} = 6$

(c)  $\frac{p}{7} = 4$

(d)  $4x = 25$

(e)  $8y = 36$

(f)  $\frac{z}{3} = \frac{5}{4}$

(g)  $\frac{a}{5} = \frac{7}{15}$

(h)  $20t = -10$

**Answer 2:**

(a)  $3l = 42$

$\Rightarrow \frac{3l}{3} = \frac{42}{3}$

[Dividing both sides by 3]

$\Rightarrow l = 14$

(b)  $\frac{b}{2} = 6$

$\Rightarrow \frac{b}{2} \times 2 = 6 \times 2$

[Multiplying both sides by 2]

$\Rightarrow b = 12$

(c)  $\frac{p}{7} = 4$

$\Rightarrow \frac{p}{7} \times 7 = 4 \times 7$

[Multiplying both sides by 7]

$\Rightarrow p = 28$

(d)  $4x = 25$

$\Rightarrow \frac{4x}{4} = \frac{25}{4}$

[Dividing both sides by 4]

$\Rightarrow x = \frac{25}{4}$

(e)  $8y = 36$

$\Rightarrow \frac{8y}{8} = \frac{36}{8}$

[Dividing both sides by 8]

$\Rightarrow y = \frac{9}{2}$



$$(f) \frac{z}{3} = \frac{5}{4}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{z}{3} \times 3 = \frac{5}{4} \times 3$$

[Multiplying both sides by 3]

$$\Rightarrow z = \frac{15}{4}$$

$$(g) \frac{a}{5} = \frac{7}{15}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{a}{5} \times 5 = \frac{7}{15} \times 5$$

[Multiplying both sides by 5]

$$\Rightarrow a = \frac{7}{3}$$

$$(h) 20t = -10$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{20t}{20} = \frac{-10}{20}$$

[Dividing both sides by 20]

$$\Rightarrow t = \frac{-1}{2}$$

### Question 3:

Give first the step you will use to separate the variable and then solve the equations

$$(a) 3n - 2 = 46$$

$$(b) 5m + 7 = 17$$

$$(c) \frac{20p}{3} = 40$$

$$(d) \frac{3p}{10} = 6$$

### Answer 3:

$$(a) 3n - 2 = 46$$

$$\text{Step I: } 3n - 2 + 2 = 46 + 2$$

$$\Rightarrow 3n = 48$$

[Adding 2 both sides]

$$\text{Step II: } \frac{3n}{3} = \frac{48}{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow n = 16$$

[Dividing both sides by 3]

$$(b) 5m + 7 = 17$$

$$\text{Step I: } 5m + 7 - 7 = 17 - 7$$

$$\Rightarrow 5m = 10$$

[Subtracting 7 both sides]

$$\text{Step II: } \frac{5m}{5} = \frac{10}{5}$$

$$\Rightarrow m = 2$$

[Dividing both sides by 5]



$$(c) \frac{20p}{3} = 40$$

$$\text{Step I: } \frac{20p}{3} \times 3 = 40 \times 3$$

$$\Rightarrow 20p = 120 \quad [\text{Multiplying both sides by 3}]$$

$$\text{Step II: } \frac{20p}{20} = \frac{120}{20}$$

$$\Rightarrow p = 6 \quad [\text{Dividing both sides by 20}]$$

$$(d) \frac{3p}{10} = 6$$

$$\text{Step I: } \frac{3p}{10} \times 10 = 6 \times 10$$

$$\Rightarrow 3p = 60 \quad [\text{Multiplying both sides by 10}]$$

$$\text{Step II: } \frac{3p}{3} = \frac{60}{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow p = 20 \quad [\text{Dividing both sides by 3}]$$

#### Question 4:

Solve the following equation:

$$(a) 10p = 100$$

$$(b) 10p + 10 = 100$$

$$(c) \frac{p}{4} = 5$$

$$(d) \frac{-p}{3} = 5$$

$$(e) \frac{3p}{4} = 6$$

$$(f) 3s = -9$$

$$(g) 3s + 12 = 0$$

$$(h) 3s = 0$$

$$(i) 2q = 6$$

$$(j) 2q - 6 = 0$$

$$(k) 2q + 6 = 0$$

$$(l) 2q + 6 = 12$$

#### Answer 4:

$$(a) 10p = 100$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{10p}{10} = \frac{100}{10} \quad [\text{Dividing both sides by 10}]$$

$$\Rightarrow p = 10$$

$$(b) 10p + 10 = 100$$

$$\Rightarrow 10p + 10 - 10 = 100 - 10 \quad [\text{Subtracting both sides 10}]$$

$$\Rightarrow 10p = 90$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{10p}{10} = \frac{90}{10} \quad \text{[Dividing both sides by 10]}$$

$$\Rightarrow p = 9$$

$$(c) \frac{p}{4} = 5$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{p}{4} \times 4 = 5 \times 4 \quad \text{[Multiplying both sides by 4]}$$

$$\Rightarrow p = 20$$

$$(d) \frac{-p}{3} = 5$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{-p}{3} \times (-3) = 5 \times (-3) \quad \text{[Multiplying both sides by -3]}$$

$$\Rightarrow p = -15$$

$$(e) \frac{3p}{4} = 6$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{3p}{4} \times 4 = 6 \times 4 \quad \text{[Multiplying both sides by 4]}$$

$$\Rightarrow 3p = 24$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{3p}{3} = \frac{24}{3} \quad \text{[Dividing both sides by 3]}$$

$$\Rightarrow p = 8$$

$$(f) 3s = -9$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{3s}{3} = \frac{-9}{3} \quad \text{[Dividing both sides by 3]}$$

$$\Rightarrow s = -3$$

$$(g) 3s + 12 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 3s + 12 - 12 = 0 - 12 \quad \text{[Subtracting both sides 10]}$$

$$\Rightarrow 3s = -12$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{3s}{3} = \frac{-12}{3} \quad \text{[Dividing both sides by 3]}$$

$$\Rightarrow s = -4$$

$$(h) 3s = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{3s}{3} = \frac{0}{3} \quad \text{[Dividing both sides by 3]}$$

$$\Rightarrow s = 0$$

(i)  $2q = 6$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{2q}{2} = \frac{6}{2}$$

[Dividing both sides by 2]

$$\Rightarrow q = 3$$

(j)  $2q - 6 = 0$

$$\Rightarrow 2q - 6 + 6 = 0 + 6$$

[Adding both sides 6]

$$\Rightarrow 2q = 6$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{2q}{2} = \frac{6}{2}$$

[Dividing both sides by 2]

$$\Rightarrow q = 3$$

(k)  $2q + 6 = 0$

$$\Rightarrow 2q + 6 - 6 = 0 - 6$$

[Subtracting both sides 6]

$$\Rightarrow 2q = -6$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{2q}{2} = \frac{-6}{2}$$

[Dividing both sides by 2]

$$\Rightarrow q = -3$$

(l)  $2q + 6 = 12$

$$\Rightarrow 2q + 6 - 6 = 12 - 6$$

[Subtracting both sides 6]

$$\Rightarrow 2q = 6$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{2q}{2} = \frac{6}{2}$$

[Dividing both sides by 2]

$$\Rightarrow q = 3$$

### Exercise 4.3

**Question 1:**

Solve the following equations:

$$(a) 2y + \frac{5}{2} = \frac{37}{2}$$

$$(b) 5t + 28 = 10$$

$$(c) \frac{a}{5} + 3 = 2$$

$$(d) \frac{q}{4} + 7 = 5$$

$$(e) \frac{5}{2}x = 10$$

$$(f) \frac{5}{2}x = \frac{25}{4}$$

$$(g) 7m + \frac{19}{2} = 13$$

$$(h) 6z + 10 = -2$$

$$(i) \frac{3l}{2} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$(j) \frac{2b}{3} - 5 = 3$$

**Answer 1:**

$$(a) 2y + \frac{5}{2} = \frac{37}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow 2y = \frac{37}{2} - \frac{5}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow 2y = \frac{37-5}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow 2y = \frac{32}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow 2y = 16$$

$$\Rightarrow y = \frac{16}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow y = 8$$

$$(b) 5t + 28 = 10$$

$$\Rightarrow 5t = 10 - 28$$

$$\Rightarrow 5t = -18$$

$$\Rightarrow t = \frac{-18}{5}$$

$$(c) \frac{a}{5} + 3 = 2$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{a}{5} = 2 - 3$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow \frac{a}{5} &= -1 \\ \Rightarrow a &= -1 \times 5 \\ \Rightarrow a &= -5 \end{aligned}$$

$$(d) \frac{q}{4} + 7 = 5$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow \frac{q}{4} &= 5 - 7 \\ \Rightarrow \frac{q}{4} &= -2 \\ \Rightarrow q &= -2 \times 4 \\ \Rightarrow q &= -8 \end{aligned}$$

$$(e) \frac{5}{2}x = 10$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow 5x &= 10 \times 2 \\ \Rightarrow 5x &= 20 \\ \Rightarrow x &= \frac{20}{5} \\ \Rightarrow x &= 4 \end{aligned}$$

$$(f) \frac{5}{2}x = \frac{25}{4}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow 5x &= \frac{25}{4} \times 2 \\ \Rightarrow 5x &= \frac{25}{2} \\ \Rightarrow x &= \frac{25}{2 \times 5} \\ \Rightarrow x &= \frac{5}{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$(g) 7m + \frac{19}{2} = 13$$

$$\Rightarrow 7m = 13 - \frac{19}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow 7m = \frac{26-19}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow 7m = \frac{7}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow m = \frac{7}{2 \times 7}$$

$$\Rightarrow m = \frac{1}{2}$$

(h)  $6z + 10 = -2$

$$\Rightarrow 6z = -2 - 10$$

$$\Rightarrow 6z = -12$$

$$\Rightarrow z = \frac{-12}{6}$$

$$\Rightarrow z = -2$$

(i)  $\frac{3l}{2} = \frac{2}{3}$

$$\Rightarrow 3l = \frac{2}{3} \times 2$$

$$\Rightarrow 3l = \frac{4}{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow l = \frac{4}{3 \times 3}$$

$$\Rightarrow l = \frac{4}{9}$$

(j)  $\frac{2b}{3} - 5 = 3$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{2b}{3} = 3 + 5$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{2b}{3} = 8$$

$$\Rightarrow 2b = 8 \times 3$$

$$\Rightarrow 2b = 24$$

$$\Rightarrow b = \frac{24}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow b = 12$$

**Question 2:**

Solve the following equations:

(a)  $2(x + 4) = 12$

(c)  $3(n - 5) = -21$

(e)  $-4(2 - x) = 9$

(g)  $4 + 5(p - 1) = 34$

(b)  $3(n - 5) = 21$

(d)  $3 - 2(2 - y) = 7$

(f)  $4(2 - x) = 9$

(h)  $34 - 5(p - 1) = 4$

**Answer 2:**

(a)  $2(x + 4) = 12$

$$\Rightarrow x + 4 = \frac{12}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow x + 4 = 6$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 6 - 4$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 2$$

(b)  $3(n - 5) = 21$

$$\Rightarrow n - 5 = \frac{21}{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow n - 5 = 7$$

$$\Rightarrow n = 7 + 5$$

$$\Rightarrow n = 12$$

(c)  $3(n - 5) = -21$

$$\Rightarrow n - 5 = \frac{-21}{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow n - 5 = -7$$

$$\Rightarrow n = -7 + 5$$

$$\Rightarrow n = -2$$

(d)  $3 - 2(2 - y) = 7$

$$\Rightarrow -2(2 - y) = 7 - 3$$

$$\Rightarrow -2(2 - y) = 4$$

$$\Rightarrow 2 - y = \frac{4}{-2}$$



$$\begin{aligned}\Rightarrow 2 - y &= -2 \\ \Rightarrow -y &= -2 - 2 \\ \Rightarrow -y &= -4 \\ \Rightarrow y &= 4\end{aligned}$$

$$(e) -4(2 - x) = 9$$

$$\begin{aligned}\Rightarrow -4 \times 2 - x \times (-4) &= 9 \\ \Rightarrow -8 + 4x &= 9 \\ \Rightarrow 4x &= 9 + 8 \\ \Rightarrow 4x &= 17 \\ \Rightarrow x &= \frac{17}{4}\end{aligned}$$

$$(f) 4(2 - x) = 9$$

$$\begin{aligned}\Rightarrow 4 \times 2 - x \times (4) &= 9 \\ \Rightarrow 8 - 4x &= 9 \\ \Rightarrow -4x &= 9 - 8 \\ \Rightarrow -4x &= 1 \\ \Rightarrow x &= \frac{-1}{4}\end{aligned}$$

$$(g) 4 + 5(p - 1) = 34$$

$$\begin{aligned}\Rightarrow 5(p - 1) &= 34 - 4 \\ \Rightarrow 5(p - 1) &= 30 \\ \Rightarrow p - 1 &= \frac{30}{5} \\ \Rightarrow p - 1 &= 6 \\ \Rightarrow p &= 6 + 1 \\ \Rightarrow p &= 7\end{aligned}$$

$$(h) 34 - 5(p - 1) = 4$$

$$\begin{aligned}\Rightarrow -5(p - 1) &= 4 - 34 \\ \Rightarrow -5(p - 1) &= -30\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow p - 1 &= \frac{-30}{-5} \\ \Rightarrow p - 1 &= 6 \\ \Rightarrow p &= 6 + 1 \\ \Rightarrow p &= 7 \end{aligned}$$

**Question 3:**

Solve the following equations:

(a)  $4 = 5(p - 2)$

(b)  $-4 = 5(p - 2)$

(c)  $-16 = -5(2 - p)$

(d)  $10 = 4 + 3(t + 2)$

(e)  $28 = 4 + 3(t + 5)$

(f)  $0 = 16 + 4(m - 6)$

**Answer 3:**

(a)  $4 = 5(p - 2)$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow 4 &= 5 \times p - 5 \times 2 \\ \Rightarrow 4 &= 5p - 10 \\ \Rightarrow 5p - 10 &= 4 \\ \Rightarrow 5p &= 4 + 10 \\ \Rightarrow 5p &= 14 \\ \Rightarrow p &= \frac{14}{5} \end{aligned}$$

(b)  $-4 = 5(p - 2)$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow -4 &= 5 \times p - 5 \times 2 \\ \Rightarrow -4 &= 5p - 10 \\ \Rightarrow 5p - 10 &= -4 \\ \Rightarrow 5p &= -4 + 10 \\ \Rightarrow 5p &= 6 \\ \Rightarrow p &= \frac{6}{5} \end{aligned}$$

$$(c) -16 = -5(2 - p)$$

$$\Rightarrow -16 = -5 \times 2 - (-5) \times p$$

$$\Rightarrow -16 = -10 + 5p$$

$$\Rightarrow -10 + 5p = -16$$

$$\Rightarrow 5p = -16 + 10$$

$$\Rightarrow 5p = -6$$

$$\Rightarrow p = \frac{-6}{5}$$

$$(d) 10 = 4 + 3(t + 2)$$

$$\Rightarrow 10 - 4 = 3(t + 2)$$

$$\Rightarrow 6 = 3(t + 2)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{6}{3} = t + 2$$

$$\Rightarrow 2 = t + 2$$

$$\Rightarrow 2 - 2 = t$$

$$\Rightarrow 0 = t$$

$$\Rightarrow t = 0$$

$$(e) 28 = 4 + 3(t + 5)$$

$$\Rightarrow 28 - 4 = 3(t + 5)$$

$$\Rightarrow 24 = 3(t + 5)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{24}{3} = t + 5$$

$$\Rightarrow 8 = t + 5$$

$$\Rightarrow 8 - 5 = t$$

$$\Rightarrow 3 = t$$

$$\Rightarrow t = 3$$

$$(f) 0 = 16 + 4(m - 6)$$

$$\Rightarrow 0 - 16 = 4(m - 6)$$

$$\Rightarrow -16 = 4(m - 6)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow \frac{-16}{4} &= m - 6 \\ \Rightarrow -4 &= m - 6 \\ \Rightarrow -4 + 6 &= m \\ \Rightarrow 2 &= m \\ \Rightarrow m &= 2 \end{aligned}$$

**Question 4:**

- (a) Construct 3 equations starting with  $x = 2$ .  
 (b) Construct 3 equations starting with  $x = -2$ .

**Answer 4:**

- (a) 3 equations starting with  $x = 2$ .

(i)  $x = 2$

Multiplying both sides by 10,

$$10x = 20$$

Adding 2 both sides

$$10x + 2 = 20 + 2 = 10x + 2 = 22$$

(ii) (ii)  $x = 2$

Multiplying both sides by 5

$$5x = 10$$

Subtracting 3 from both sides

$$5x - 3 = 10 - 3 = 5x - 3 = 7$$

(iii) (iii)  $x = 2$

Dividing both sides by 5

$$\frac{x}{5} = \frac{2}{5}$$

- (b) 3 equations starting with  $x = -2$ .

(i)  $x = -2$

Multiplying both sides by 3

$$3x = -6$$

(ii)  $x = -2$

Multiplying both sides by 3

$$3x = -6$$

Adding 7 to both sides

$$3x + 7 = -6 + 7 = 3x + 7 = 1$$

(iii)  $x = -2$

Multiplying both sides by 3

$$3x = -6$$

Adding 10 to both sides

$$3x + 10 = -6 + 10 = 3x + 10 = 4$$



## Exercise 4.4

### Question 1:

Set up equations and solve them to find the unknown numbers in the following cases:

- (a) Add 4 to eight times a number; you get 60.
- (b) One-fifth of a number minus 4 gives 3.
- (c) If I take three-fourth of a number and add 3 to it, I get 21.
- (d) When I subtracted 11 from twice a number, the result was 15.
- (e) Munna subtracts thrice the number of notebooks he has from 50, he finds the result to be 8.
- (f) Ibenhal thinks of a number. If she adds 19 to it divides the sum by 5, she will get 8.
- (g) Anwar thinks of a number. If he takes away 7 from  $\frac{5}{2}$  of the number, the result

is  $\frac{11}{2}$ .

### Answer 1:

- (a) Let the number be  $x$ .

According to the question,  $8x + 4 = 60$

$$\Rightarrow 8x = 60 - 4$$

$$\Rightarrow 8x = 56$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{56}{8}$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 7$$

- (b) Let the number be  $y$ .

According to the question,  $\frac{y}{5} - 4 = 3$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{y}{5} = 3 + 4$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{y}{5} = 7$$

$$\Rightarrow y = 7 \times 5$$

$$\Rightarrow y = 35$$



(c) Let the number be  $z$ .

According to the question,  $\frac{3}{4}z + 3 = 21$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{3}{4}z = 21 - 3$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{3}{4}z = 18$$

$$\Rightarrow 3z = 18 \times 4$$

$$\Rightarrow 3z = 72$$

$$\Rightarrow z = \frac{72}{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow z = 24$$

(d) Let the number be  $x$ .

According to the question,  $2x - 11 = 15$

$$\Rightarrow 2x = 15 + 11$$

$$\Rightarrow 2x = 26$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{26}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 13$$

(e) Let the number be  $m$ .

According to the question,  $50 - 3m = 8$

$$\Rightarrow -3m = 8 - 50$$

$$\Rightarrow -3m = -42$$

$$\Rightarrow m = \frac{-42}{-3}$$

$$\Rightarrow m = 14$$

(f) Let the number be  $n$ .

According to the question,  $\frac{n+19}{5} = 8$

$$\Rightarrow n + 19 = 8 \times 5$$

$$\Rightarrow n + 19 = 40$$

$$\Rightarrow n = 40 - 19$$

$$\Rightarrow n = 21$$

(g) Let the number be  $x$ .

According to the question,  $\frac{5}{2}x - 7 = \frac{11}{2}$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{5}{2}x = \frac{11}{2} + 7$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{5}{2}x = \frac{11+14}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{5}{2}x = \frac{25}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow 5x = \frac{25 \times 2}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow 5x = 25$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{25}{5}$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 5$$

### Question 2:

Solve the following:

- (a) The teacher tells the class that the highest marks obtained by a student in her class are twice the lowest marks plus 7. The highest score is 87. What is the lowest score?
- (b) In an isosceles triangle, the base angles are equal. The vertex angle is  $40^\circ$ . What are the base angles of the triangle? (Remember, the sum of three angles of a triangle is  $180^\circ$ .)
- (c) Sachin scored twice as many runs as Rahul. Together, their runs fell two short of a double century. How many runs did each one score?

### Answer 2:

(a) Let the lowest marks be  $y$ .

According to the question,  $2y + 7 = 87$

$$\Rightarrow 2y = 87 - 7$$

$$\Rightarrow 2y = 80$$

$$\Rightarrow y = \frac{80}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow y = 40$$

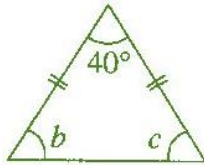
Thus, the lowest score is 40.





(b) Let the base angle of the triangle be  $b$ .

Given,  $a = 40^\circ, b = c$



Since,  $a + b + c = 180^\circ$  [Angle sum property of a triangle]

$$\Rightarrow 40^\circ + b + b = 180^\circ$$

$$\Rightarrow 40^\circ + 2b = 180^\circ$$

$$\Rightarrow 2b = 180^\circ - 40^\circ$$

$$\Rightarrow 2b = 140^\circ$$

$$\Rightarrow b = \frac{140^\circ}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow b = 70^\circ$$

Thus, the base angles of the isosceles triangle are  $70^\circ$  each.

(c) Let the score of Rahul be  $x$  runs and Sachin's score is  $2x$ .

According to the question,  $x + 2x = 198$

$$\Rightarrow 3x = 198$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{198}{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 66$$

Thus, Rahul's score = 66 runs

And Sachin's score =  $2 \times 66 = 132$  runs.

### Question 3:

Solve the following:

- (i) Irfan says that he has 7 marbles more than five times the marbles Parmit has. Irfan has 37 marbles. How many marbles does Parmit have?
- (ii) Laxmi's father is 49 years old. He is 4 years older than three times Laxmi's age. What is Laxmi's age?
- (iii) People of Sundergram planted a total of 102 trees in the village garden. Some of the trees were fruit trees. The number of non-fruit trees were two more than three times the number of fruit trees. What was the number of fruit trees planted?

**Answer 3:**

(i) Let the number of marbles Parmit has be  $m$ .

According to the question,  $5m + 7 = 37$

$$\Rightarrow 5m = 37 - 7$$

$$\Rightarrow 5m = 30$$

$$\Rightarrow m = \frac{30}{5}$$

$$\Rightarrow m = 6$$

Thus, Parmit has 6 marbles.

(ii) Let the age of Laxmi be  $y$  years.

Then her father's age =  $(3y + 4)$  years

According to question,  $3y + 4 = 49$

$$\Rightarrow 3y = 49 - 4$$

$$\Rightarrow 3y = 45$$

$$\Rightarrow y = \frac{45}{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow y = 15$$

Thus, the age of Laxmi is 15 years.

(iii) Let the number of fruit trees be  $t$ .

Then the number of non-fruits tree =  $3t + 2$

According to the question,  $t + 3t + 2 = 102$

$$\Rightarrow 4t + 2 = 102$$

$$\Rightarrow 4t = 102 - 2$$

$$\Rightarrow 4t = 100$$

$$\Rightarrow t = \frac{100}{4}$$

$$\Rightarrow t = 25$$

Thus, the number of fruit trees are 25.



